# O 55

20

25

# TERMINAL CERTIFICATION SYSTEM AND METHOD OF CERTIFYING THE SAME

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5

### 1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a certification system of terminals connected to a system and a method of certifying the same.

2. Description of the Related Art

A conventional system is constructed in such a way that a plurality of terminals 2 are connected to a connection apparatus 1 connected to a network 4 such as LAN (Local Area Network) as shown in Fig. 17. In the conventional system, a system manager previously sets a sender address of the terminal, which is capable of accessing to the network 4, with the connection apparatus 1. The connection apparatus 1 checks the set sender address with a sender address transmitted from each terminal 2, whereby the connection apparatus 1 determines whether the terminal is the one authorized by the manager or not.

Furthermore, in another conventional system, both of the connection apparatus 1 and the terminal 2 have a specific password respectively. The terminal 2 first transmits a frame added with the specific password to the connection apparatus 1. The connection apparatus 1 checks the password of the frame with the password held by itself, whereby the connection apparatus 1 determines a possibility of a connection of the terminal 2 to the network 4.

However, in the foregoing technologies, there has been the

the difference of the

possibility that by stealing the authorized sender address and password, an invader may make believe that the terminal 2' is the one authorized by the manager and may connect the terminal 2' to the connection apparatus 1. In such a case, the connection apparatus 1 determines the terminal 2' to be authorized legally, and permits the connection of the terminal 2' to the connection apparatus 1. For this reason, there has been a problem that the terminal 2' connected to the network 4 illegally may establish a connection with other terminals, thus making a retention of security impossible.

10

15

20

2.5

5

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The object of the present invention is to provide a terminal certification system with a high security, which is capable of detecting illegal access and eliminating the stolen illegal access.

To solve the foregoing subjects, the terminal certification system of the present invention includes a plurality of terminals; and a connection apparatus connected to the plurality of terminals. The connection apparatus includes a password controller which changes a password with passage of time, and each of the plurality of terminals includes a password controller which changes a password with passage of time. When the terminal wishes a communication, the connection apparatus compares a password selected by a password controller of the terminal with a password selected by a password controller of the connection apparatus. If both of the passwords are in agreement with each other, the connection apparatus permits the communication.

25

5

The password controller includes a password storing memory which stores a plurality of passwords, and a password selector which selecting one of the plurality of passwords stored in the password storing memory. The password controller changes a selection of the password with passage of time.

Alternatively, the password controller includes an algorithm storing memory for storing a plurality of password generation algorithms, and a password generation element which selects one of the plurality of password generation algorithms stored in the algorithm storing memory based on the setting information with passage of time. The password generation element generates a password with the selected password generation algorithm with passage of time.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

These and other objects, features and advantages of the invention will become more fully apparent from the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing an embodiment of a terminal certification system of the present invention;

Fig.2 is a drawing showing a constitution of a frame used in the present invention;

Fig. 3 is a drawing showing an embodiment of a connection apparatus;

Fig. 4 is a drawing showing setting information stored in a setting memory;

us hata kara maka sebuah Malimu laka sebabah kespedah darah. Takka alam dan merasa laka laha sebah dalah dalah dalah bebah sebah seb

- Fig. 6 is a flow for explaining an operation of a password controller of the connection apparatus;
- Fig. 7 is a drawing showing an embodiment of a terminal;

O gray gray way gray was now year

ĻT

145

die des des

- Fig. 8 is a flow for explaining an operation of a frame transmitter/receiver of the terminal;
- Fig. 9 is a flow for explaining an operation of a frame assembly section of the terminal;
- Fig. 10 is a flow for explaining an operation of a certification system;
- Fig. 11 is a drawing showing a constitution of a frame used in a second embodiment of the present invention;
- Fig. 12 is a drawing showing a constitution of a password controller of the second embodiment;
- Fig. 13 is a flow for explaining an operation of the password controller;
- Fig. 14 is a drawing showing a constitution of a password controller of a third embodiment of the present invention;
- Fig.15 is a drawing showing setting information stored in a setting memory of the third embodiment;
  - Fig. 16 is a flow for explaining an operation of a password controller; and
- Fig. 17 is a block diagram showing an outline of a conventional system.

E FEEL MEER HEER HEER HOME OF THE FOREIGN FOR THE FEEL HOURS HEER AND A STATE OF THE FOREIGN FOR THE FOREIGN FOREIGN FOR THE FOREIGN FOR THE FOREIGN FOR THE FOREIGN FOR THE FOREIGN FOREIGN FOR THE FOREIGN FOR THE FOREIGN FOREIGN FOR THE FOREIGN FOREI

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

A first embodiment of a terminal certification system of the present invention will be described with reference to the accompanying drawings below.

Referring to Fig. 1, the terminal certification system of the present invention includes a connection apparatus 1 connected to a network 4, and a plurality of terminals 2 connected to the connection apparatus 1. The connection apparatus 1 and each of the terminals 2 are connected through the transmission medium 3, and transmission/receipt of a frame is performed in accordance with an access method (CSMA/CD method) defined by a known standard organization IEEE802.3. Moreover, the connection apparatus 1 is connected to other connection apparatus 1 through the network 4, and controls communications among the terminals.

Note that, for example, a hub and a switch can be used as the connection apparatus 1.

The connection apparatus 1 includes a password controller 11 which generates passwords; a password comparator 12 which compares the passwords; a frame transfer processing element 13 which transmits/receives a frame to/from the network 4; and one or more interfaces 14.

The terminal 2 includes a password controller 21 which generates passwords; a frame transmission/receipt element 22 which transmits/receives a frame to/from the connecting apparatus 1; and a frame assembly element 23 which assembles the frame to be transmitted.

O the of the state of the state

20

25

The state of

1.4

20

25

5

The password controller 11 holds the plurality of passwords, and has a function to selectively output a predetermined password among the plurality of passwords in accordance with time. Furthermore, the password controller 21 is constituted similarly to the password controller 11.

The password comparator 12 compares the password of a frame transmitted from the interface 14 and the password selected by the password controller 11 in the connection apparatus 1 with each other.

The frame transfer processing element 13 performs transmission/receipt of the frame to/from the network 4.

Moreover, the frame assembly element 23 adds the password to the frame to be transmitted to the connection apparatus 1. Referring to Fig. 2, the frame assembly element 23 assembles the frame 5 by adding the password selected by the password controller 22 to the head of the frame composed of a destination address, a sender address and a data portion.

Next, descriptions for constituent components of the connection apparatus 1 and for an operation thereof will be made further in detail with reference to the drawings.

Referring to Fig. 3, the interface 14 of the connection apparatus 1 includes a frame controller 141 for transmitting/receiving the frame 5 through the transmission medium 3, and a frame buffer 142 temporarily holding the frame 5 received by the frame controller 141.

The password controller 11 includes a timer 111, a password storing memory 112, a setting memory 113 and a password selector 114. The timer 111 represents the present time in the connection

apparatus 1. The password storing memory 112 stores a plural kinds of passwords. The setting memory 113 stores the setting information 6 indicating which password is used depending on time. The password selection circuit 114 selects a corresponding password from the password storing memory 112 according to the present time indicated by the timer 111 and the setting information 6.

Referring to Fig. 5, the frame controller 141 of the connection apparatus 1 determines whether the terminal 2 is connected to the connection apparatus 1 or not (S11). If the connection of the terminal 2 with the connection apparatus 1 is confirmed, the frame controller 141 reads out the present time of the connection apparatus 1 from the timer 111 and transmits the present time to the terminal 2 (S12). Thereafter, the frame controller 141 monitors whether the frame is transmitted from the terminal 2 or not (S13). If the frame is transmitted from the terminal 2, the frame controller 141 transmits to the password comparator 12 the password added to the frame that was transmitted from the terminal 2, and transmits the remaining frame portion to the frame buffer 142 (S14). The password comparator 12 compares the password from the frame controller 141 with the password selected by the password selection circuit 114 (S15). As a result of the comparison, if both passwords are in agreement with each other, the frame controller 141 transfers the frame held in the frame buffer 142 to the frame transfer processing element 13 (S16). On the other hand, if both passwords are not in agreement with each other, the frame controller 141 abandons the frame held in the frame buffer 142, and notifies the terminal 2 that accesses to the network 4 cannot be allowed (S17).

and the state of t

5

10

And the state that the same had been and

Tom of the state

Ţ

20

25

THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF

An operation of the password controller 11 will be described. Referring to Fig. 6, in the password controller 11, the password selection circuit 114 receives the present time from the timer 111, and refers to the setting information 6 stored in the setting memory 113 (S21). In accordance with the setting information 6, the password selection circuit 114 reads out from the password storing memory 112 a password to be used (S22). The password selection circuit 114 transmits the password read out to the comparator 12 (S23).

Hereupon, when a password to be selected is the same as the last password, a constitution, in which the password selection circuit 114 does not read in a password sequentially from the password storing memory 112, and the password selected in the last time is transmitted to the password comparator 12 again, may be adopted.

Furthermore, constituent components of the terminal 2 of the present invention and an operation thereof will be described more in detail using the drawing.

Referring to Fig. 7, the password controller 21 of the terminal 2 includes similarly to the password controller 11 of the connection apparatus 1 and the same contents as those stored in the password storing memory 112 and the setting memory 113 of the connection apparatus 1 are stored in the password storing memory 212 and the setting memory 213. The password selector 214 operates similarly to the password selection circuit 114 of the connection apparatus 1 shown in Fig. 6. The password selector 214 selects a corresponding password from the password storing memory under the present time indicated by the timer 211 and the setting information 6 of the

The Hard Corner, the Corner of the Corner of

20

25

5

E. DE EESTIS MEE RIN OM OM MINIOUS OF BEEK DE FORMET OF THE FORMER HER AND EAST OF DESTINATION OF THE FORMER HER FOR A STREET

setting memory 213. Only the timer 211 of the terminal 2 is different from the timer 111 of the connection apparatus 1. The timer 211 of the terminal 2 does not count the present time of the terminal 2 but counts a preset time represented by the timer 111 of the connection apparatus 1, which is transmitted from the connection apparatus 1 when the terminal 2 is connected to the connection apparatus 1.

5

1 O the same way the same

4

THE RUL

15

ilon Ilon

41 J

20

25

An operation of a frame transmission/receipt element 22 of the terminal 2 will be described. Referring to Fig. 8, when the terminal 2 is connected to the connection apparatus 1, the frame transmission/receipt element 22 receives the present time from the connection apparatus 1 (S31). Upon receipt of the present time of the connection apparatus 1, the frame transmission/receipt element 22 sets a time in the timer 211 of the terminal 2, and synchronizes the timers 111 and 211 (S32). After synchronizing the timers 111 and 211, if there is a frame to be transmitted to the connection apparatus 1 (S33), the frame transmission/receipt element 22 receives from the frame assembly element 23 the frame 5 to which the password shown in Fig. 3 is added, and transmits the frame 5 to the connection apparatus 1 (S34).

Furthermore, an operation of the frame assembly element 23 of the terminal 2 will be described. Referring to Fig. 9, the frame assembly element 23 receives an instruction of the frame transmission from a processor (not shown) (S41). The frame assembly element 23 acquires a password from the password generation section 214 (S42). The frame assembly element 23 adds the acquired password to a head of the frame composed of a destination address, a sender

THE MARKET OF THE CONTROL OF A CONTROL OF A CONTROL OF THE CONTROL

address and a data portion (S43). Then, the frame assembly element 23 transmits the frame 5 added the password to the frame transmission/receipt element 22 (S44).

As described above, in the present invention, the password used in the system is changed according to the present time. Accordingly, even when a certain password is leaked out by, for example, unscrambling it, the password is changed accompanied with passage of time and an illegal access is detected. Therefore, it is possible to make the access to the network unallowable, and to realize a high security of the network.

An operation of a first embodiment of the present invention will be described.

10

The state of the s

1 The of the line lines lines

20

25

Referring to Figs. 1 and 10, when the terminal 2 is connected to the connection apparatus 1, the present time represented by the timer 111 of the connection apparatus 1 is transmitted to the terminal The frame transmission/receipt element 22 sets the transmitted time in the timer 211 and tries to synchronize the timers 111 and 211 of the connection apparatus 1 and the terminal 2 (S102). In the case where the terminal 2 performs a frame transmission such as a data transmission and an access request for the connection apparatus 1 (S103), the password controller 21 of the terminal 2 selects a password among the plurality of passwords, which is determined in accordance with the present time represented by the timer 211(S104). The frame assembly element 23 assembles the frame 5 to which the password selected by the password controller 21 is added, and transmits the assembled password to the transmission/receipt element 22 (S105).The frame

transmission/receipt element 22 transmits the frame 5 to the connection apparatus 1 through the transmission medium 3 (S106). After the interface 14 of the connection apparatus 1 receives the frame 5 from the terminal 2 connected thereto through the transmission medium 3, the interface 14 reads out the password from the frame 5, and then transmits the password to the password comparator 12 (S107). The password controller 11 selects a password among the plurality of passwords, which is determined in accordance with the present time represented by the timer 111(S108). password comparator 12 compares the password selected by the password controller 11 with the password read out from the frame 5 (S109). As a result of the comparison, if the passwords are in agreement with each other, the interface 14 determines that the terminal 2 that transmitted the frame 5 thereto is permitted to communicate with the network 4, that is, to access to the network 4. The interface 14 transmits a frame, from which the password is excluded, to the frame transmission processor 13 (S110). On the other hand, if the passwords are not in agreement with each other, the interface 14 determines that the terminal 2 are accessing to the network 4 illegally, the interface 14 makes the frame transmission to the frame transfer processor 13 unallowable, and abandons the frame, thus notifying the abandonment to the terminal 2 (S111).

10

there were free speed and there had being

15

Mass State State

į, ž

20

25

Note that if the passwords are not in agreement with each other, a constitution in which retransmissions are performed by predetermined times may be adopted.

With the above described constitution, even if an illegal access is performed using a password acquired illegally, the illegal

access can be found out by changing the password accompanied with passage of time determined in the setting memory 113, so that it is possible to provide a terminal certification system with a higher security.

Next, a second embodiment of the terminal certification system of the present invention will be described with reference to the drawings.

5

10

and properties and the first fast

15

20

In this second embodiment, the frame assembly element 23 of the terminal 2 adds a password selection time, at which the password is selected, to the frame 7, as shown in Fig. 11. Furthermore, the connection apparatus 1 selects a password in accordance with the password selection time of the frame 7. Thus, a time difference between the password selection times generated in the connection apparatus 1 and the terminal 2 can be removed, and the accurate comparison of the passwords can be performed.

The frame controller 141 of the connection apparatus 1 operates similarly to that of the first embodiment, except that when the frame controller 141 receives the frame 7 from the terminal 2, the frame controller 141 transmits the password of the frame 7 to the password comparator 12, the password selection time to the password selection circuit 114, and the remaining portion to the frame buffer 142. Other operations of the frame controller 141 are the same as those of the first embodiment shown in Fig. 6.

25 However, in the case of such constitution, when the password is leaked out and the present time is accessed from the terminal 2 falsely, it is impossible to prevent the false access. Accordingly,

in consideration of such circumstances, a password selection time apart from the present time of the connection apparatus 1 by more than a predetermined time is not adopted may be satisfactorily used.

In this case, referring to Fig. 12, the password controller 11 of the connection apparatus 1 further includes an effective time storing memory 115. The effective time storing memory 115 stores an effective time for judging the password selection time to be effective.

An operation of the password controller 11 of the second embodiment of the present invention will be described.

Referring to Fig. 13, the password selector 114 receives the password selection time from the frame controller 141 (S51), and then the password selection circuit 114 determines whether a time difference between the password selection time received and the present time represented by the timer 111 is within the effective time stored in the effective time storing memory 115 or not (S52). If the difference between the password selection time and the present time is within the effective time, the password selection circuit 114 selects a password to be used according to the password selection time and the setting information 6 (S53). On the other hand, if the difference between the password selection time and the present time is equal to the effective time or more, the password selector 114 does not adopt the password selection time, but selects a password to be used according to the present time represented by the timer 111 and the setting information 6 (S54). The password selection circuit 114 transmits the selected password to the password comparator 12 (S55).

O go the first with the term with the term to the first with the term wi

20

25

NE DE LES TOURS DE LES SUR L'ANNE DE LE SUR FRANCE DE LE CONTRACT LE CONTRACT LE CONTRACT DE LA CONTRACT DE LE CONTRACT DE LA CONTRACT DE LA

With such constitution, also in communications before and after time when algorithm is changed, a situation in which different passwords are used in the connection apparatus 1 and the terminal 2 and hence the passwords are not in agreement with each other never occurs, and it is possible to realize an accurate comparison of the passwords.

Moreover, a third embodiment of the terminal certification system of the present invention will be described with reference to the drawings.

In the third embodiment of the present invention, constitutions of the password controllers 11 and 21 and operations thereof are different from those of the first embodiment. Other constituent components and operations thereof are the same as those of the first embodiment. Although the password controller 11 of the connection apparatus 1 will be hereinafter described, the same is true for the password controller 21 of the terminal 2.

Referring to Fig. 14, the password controller 11 in the third embodiment is provided with an algorithm storing memory 116 storing a plurality of password generation algorithms instead of the password storing memory 112 storing the plurality of passwords. Furthermore, the password controller 11 is provided with a password generation element 117 which reads out one password generation algorithm from the algorithm storing memory 116 to generate a password, instead of the password selector 114. Still furthermore, setting information 8 for regulating a time at which the password generation algorithm is used by the password generation element 117 is held in the setting memory 113, as shown in Fig. 15.

O FOR THE THE SET SET OF THE SET

20

25

Note that as the password generation algorithms, an equation according to general mathematics using a time (for example "minute") as a parameter may be satisfactorily utilized.

An operation of the password controller 11 in the third embodiment of the present invention will be hereinafter described with reference to the drawings. Note that the plurality of password generation algorithms shall be equations using a time (minute) as a parameter, respectively.

5

10

John Story John Georg Hall Blues Half Story

1 To the time than the other

20

25

Referring to Figs. 14 and 16, the password generation element 117 first refers to the present time represented by the timer 111 and the setting information 8 of the setting memory 113, and selects a password generation algorithm to be used from the algorithm storing memory 116 (S61). The password generation element 117 uses the selected password generation algorithm, and generates a password with reference to the present time of the timer 111 as a parameter (S62). Thereafter, when the parameter changes, that is, when a time (minute) changes (S63), the password generation circuit 117 confirms by referring to the setting information 8 whether the algorithm to be used is changed or not (S64). If the algorithm to be used is changed, the password generation element 117 selects the changed password generation algorithm from the algorithm storing memory 116 (S65), and generates a password with reference to the present time as a parameter (to S62). On the other hand, if the algorithm to be used is not changed, the password generation element 117 regenerates a password by use of a new parameter (time) (to S62).

Furthermore, a constitution in which a time, when the password is generated, is added to the frame as the password generation time

25

5

instead of the password selection time shown in the second embodiment may be adopted in the third embodiment.

As described above, in the present invention, when each terminal 2 is connected to the connection apparatus 1, the terminals 2 and the connection apparatus 1 are synchronized with each other in terms of time, and the password changes in accordance with time. Accordingly, if each terminal 2 is legal one having the same passwords (or the same algorithms) and the setting information as those of the connection apparatus 1, each terminal 2 can change the password similarly to the connection apparatus 1, even if the connection apparatus 1 changes the password with passage of time. As a result, it is possible to proceed the communication by use of a different password in accordance with setting information stored in the setting memories 113 and 114. On the contrary, when the communication is performed by use of a password acquired illegally, the password comparator 12 detects the disagreement of the passwords by the change of the connection apparatus 1 accompanied with the passage of time, and illegal access can be found out.

As apparent from the above descriptions, according to the present invention, a frame of a terminal which cannot transmit a correct password included in the frame is abandoned in a connection apparatus. Accordingly, a communication of an illegal terminal with other terminals is not established, and it will be possible to keep a high network security. Since a password is changed with passage of time, even when the password is stolen at one point by an analyzer or the like (or the password is unscrambled at one point), it is possible to prevent that the communication is continuously performed

All and a distribute the state of the state

5

through the connection apparatus by the stolen (or unscrambled) password.

While the present invention and its advantages have been described in conjunction with preferred embodiments in the above detailed descriptions, the present invention is not limited thereto, and various changes, substitutions and alternations can be made therein without departing from spirits and scope of the inventions as defined by the appended claims.